#### GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY LINEAR ALGEBRA AND DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS Course Code: GR20A1001 L/T/ P/C: 3/1/0/4 I Year I Semester

#### **Course Objectives**

- 1. Apply ideas to solve linear systems, at the core of many engineering concepts.
- 2. Apply concept of latent values of a matrix which is critical in many engineering applications.
- 3. Take part in, function approximation using the tools of mean value theorems.
- 4. Compose optimal values of multi-variable functions.
- 5. Utilize definite integral concept for various geometrical applications.

#### **Course Outcomes**

#### At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Compile the rank of a matrix to determine the existence of solutions of a linear algebraic system
- 2. Determine the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of a square matrix which arise in several engineering applications
- 3. Determine approximate solution of over determined systems using the pseudo inverse.
- **4.** Develop the skill of determining optimal values of multivariable functions using classical methods.
- 5. Apply the definite integral concept for various computational problems in geometry.

#### UNIT I

#### VECTOR AND MATRIX ALGEBRA

Vector space (definition and examples), linear independence of vectors, orthogonality of vectors, projection of vectors, Symmetric, Hermitian, skew-symmetric, skew-Hermitian, orthogonal and unitary matrices; Rank of a matrix by echelon reduction, Solution of a linear algebraic system of equations (homogeneous and non-homogeneous)

#### UNIT II

#### MATRIX EIGENVALUE PROBLEM AND QUADRATIC FORMS

Determination of eigenvalues and eigenvectors of a matrix, properties of eigenvalues and eigenvectors (without proof), diagonalization of a matrix, orthogonal diagonalization of symmetric matrices, Similarity of matrices.

Quadratic Forms: Definiteness and nature of a quadratic form, reduction of quadratic form to canonical form by orthogonal transformation

#### UNIT III MATRIX DECOMPOSITION AND PSEUDO INVERSE OF A MATRIX

Spectral decomposition of a symmetric matrix, L-U decomposition, Gram-Schmidt orthonormalization of vectors, Q-R factorization, Singular value decomposition Moore-Penrose pseudo inverse of a matrix, least squares solution of an over determined system of equations using pseudo inverse

#### UNIT IV MULTIVARIABLE DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS AND FUNCTION OPTIMIZATION

Partial Differentiation: Total derivative. Jacobian; Functional dependence Unconstrained optimization of functions using the Hessian matrix, constrained optimization using Lagrange multiplier method

#### UNIT V

#### SINGLE VARIABLE CALCULUS

Mean value theorems: Rolle's Theorem, Lagrange's Mean value theorem and Taylor's theorem (without proof), their geometrical interpretation, approximation of a function by Taylor's series Applications of definite integrals to evaluate surface areas and volumes of revolutions of curves (for Cartesian coordinates)

#### **TEXTBOOKS**

1. R.K. Jain and S.R.K. Iyengar, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Narosa publishing house, Fourth edition 2014

 B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36th Edition, 2010
 G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9<sup>th</sup>edition, Pearson, Reprint.

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. GRIET reference manual

2. Paras Ram, Engineering Mathematics, 2nd Edition, CBS Publishes

3. S. L. Ross, Differential Equations, 3rd Ed., Wiley India, 1984

#### GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY

### Course Code:GR20A1005

L/T/P/C: 3/1/0/4

#### I Year I Semesters

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To relate how the basic concepts and principles of chemistry can be applied to practical utility in a broader perspective of the society.
- 2. To distinguish the ranges of electromagnetic spectrum and its interaction with matter and to develop knowledge of various spectroscopic techniques at atomic and molecular levels.
- 3. To identify and apply various principles of electrochemistry, corrosion and water treatment which are essential for an engineer in industry
- 4. To acquire knowledge of existence of different organic molecules in different stereo chemical orientations useful for understanding reaction pathways.
- 5. To bring adaptability to the concepts of chemistry and to acquire the required skills to become a perfect engineer.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Analyze microscopic chemistry in terms of atomic and molecular orbitals and intermolecular forces.
- 2. Relate electromagnetic spectra used for exciting different molecular energy levels in various spectroscopic techniques and their application in medicine and other fields.
- 3. Recognize various problems related to electrochemistry and corrosion in industry and is able to explain different prevention techniques and apply concepts of chemistry in engineering.
- 4. Know the origin of different types of engineering materials used in modern technology and Interpret different problems involved in industrial utilization of water.
- 5. Understand the processing of fossil fuels for the effective utilization of chemical energy.

#### UNIT I

#### ATOMIC AND MOLECULAR STRUCTURE: (8 Lectures)

Atomic and molecular orbitals, Linear Combination of Atomic Orbitals (LCAO), Molecular orbitals of homo-nuclear diatomic molecules, MO energy diagrams of N2, and O2. Metallic bonding, Valence Bond Theory, Crystal Field Theory, Crystal Field Splitting of transition metal ion d-orbitals in tetrahedral, octahedral, and square planar geometries.

#### UNIT II

#### SPECTROSCOPIC TECHNIQUES AND APPLICATIONS: (10 Lectures)

Regions of electromagnetic spectrum, Molecular spectroscopy Rotational Spectroscopy: Rotation of molecules, rotational spectra of rigid diatomic molecules, selection rules.

Vibrational Spectroscopy: The vibrating diatomic molecule, simple and an harmonic oscillators of a diatomic molecule, selection rules, applications of IR spectroscopy.

NMR Spectroscopy: criteria for NMR activity (Magnetic and nonmagnetic nuclei), basic concepts and principle of 1H NMR spectroscopy, Chemical shift, Magnetic Resonance Imaging.

#### UNIT III

#### **ELECTROCHEMISTRY AND CORROSION: (12 Lectures)**

Electrochemistry: Electrode potential, types of electrodes: calomel and glass electrodesconstruction and working, electrochemical series and applications, electrochemical cells: Galvanic & electrolytic cells, Nernst equation- applications, numerical problems, Batteries: primary and secondary types, lithium metal, lithium ion and lead acid batteries. Types of Fuel cells: hydrogen-oxygen fuel cell - applications and advantages, microbial fuel cell. Corrosion: Definition ,causes and effects of corrosion, The ories of chemical and electro chemical corrosion with mechanism, Types of corrosion - Galvanic, concentration cell and pitting corrosions, factors affecting corrosion (Nature of metal & Nature of Environment), corrosion control methods: Proper designing, cathodic protection (sacrificial anodic and impressed current cathodic protection), Metallic coatings: Hot dipping- Galvanization and tinning, electroless plating of nickel.

#### UNIT IV

#### ENGINEERING MATERIALS AND WATER TECHNOLOGY: (8 Lectures)

Semiconductors: Si and Ge, preparation, purification and crystal growth by zone refining and Czochralski pulling methods, doping.

Polymeric Materials: plastics-classification, types of polymerization, properties of polymers- crystallinity, Compounding and fabrication by compression moulding and injection moulding, conducting polymers – definition, classification, applications of conducting polymers in mobile phones and displays.

Water: impurities, hardness-causes of hardness, types, Units, Total Dissolved Solids (TDS), Boiler troubles-scales and sludges, caustic embrittlement, water purification by reverse osmosis (RO)method.

#### UNIT V

#### **STEREOCHEMISTRY AND ENERGY RESOURCES (8 Lectures)**

Stereo chemistry: Representations of 3D structures for organic molecules, stereo isomers: Conformational and Configurational isomers. Conformational isomers: conformational analysis of n-butane. Configurational isomers: geometrical isomers (E, Z isomers) and optical isomers. Optical isomers: symmetry, chirality, enantiomers, diastereomers, optical activity. Structure, synthesis and pharmaceutical applications of aspirin and ibuprofen. Energy sources: Fossil Fuels: Coal –types, analysis of coal- proximate and ultimate analysis and their significance, Petroleum-its composition-synthetic petrol – Fischer Tropsch's process, cracking - Definition and its significance, knocking and its mechanism in Internal Combustion engine, Octane rating, Composition and Uses of Natural gas, LPG and CNG, biodiesel synthesis, biogas.

## Text Books:

- 1. Engineering chemistry by P.C. Jain and M. Jain; Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company (P) Ltd., New Delhi.
- 2. Textbook of Engineering Chemistry by A. Jayashree, Wiley Publications

#### **References:**

- 1. Organic Chemistry by Morrison, Boyd & Bhattacharjee (Pearson Pubs)
- 2. Solomons' Organic Chemistry, Wiley pubs
- 3. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy, by C.N. Banwell. McGraw Hill Publication
- 4. A Textbook of Engineering Chemistry by Shashi Chawla, Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company (P) Ltd., New Delhi.

#### GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

#### Course Code: GR20A1008

L/T/P/C: 2/1/0/3

#### I Year I semester

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Introduce the fundamentals of Electrical Engineering.
- 2. Understand magnetic circuits, DC circuits and AC single phase & three phase circuits
- 3. Provide foundation in theory and applications of Transformers and DC machines
- 4. Understand the basic principles of AC Electrical machinery and their applications.
- 5. Impart the knowledge of Electrical Installations.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of this course, students will able to

- 1. Understand and analyze basic electric circuits with suitable theorems.
- 2. Solve 1-phase and 3-phase balanced sinusoidal systems.
- 3. Interpret the working principle of Electrical machines.
- 4. Appraise the applications of Induction motors and synchronous generators used in Industries.
- 5. Identify the components of Low Voltage Electrical Installations.

#### UNIT I D.C. CIRCUITS

Electrical circuit elements (R, L and C), voltage and current sources, KVL&KCL, analysis of simple circuits with dc excitation. Thevenin's and Norton's theorems, Super position and Reciprocity theorems. Time-domain analysis of first-order RL and RC circuits.

#### UNIT II

#### A.C. CIRCUITS

Representation of sinusoidal waveforms, average and rms values, phasor representation, real power, reactive power, apparent power, power factor. Analysis of single-phase AC circuits consisting of R, L, C, RL, RC, RLC combinations (series and parallel), resonance in series RLC circuit. Locus Diagram. Three-phase balanced circuits, voltage and current relations in star and delta connections.

#### UNIT III

#### DC MACHINES AND TRANSFORMERS

DC Motor and Generator: Construction, Principle of operation and Applications. Ideal and practical transformer, equivalent circuit, losses in transformers and efficiency, regulation. Autotransformer and three-phase transformer connections.

#### UNIT IV

#### AC MACHINES

Generation of rotating magnetic fields, Construction and working of a three-phase induction motor, Significance of torque-slip characteristic, Loss components and efficiency. Singlephase induction motor, Construction, working, torque-speed characteristics. Construction and working of synchronous generators.

#### UNIT V

#### **ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS**

Power system overview. Components of LT Switchgear: Switch Fuse Unit (SFU), MCB,

ELCB, MCCB, Types of Wires and Cables, Earthing. Types of Batteries, Important Characteristics for Batteries. Elementary calculations for energy consumption, power factor improvement and battery backup.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Basic Electrical Engineering D.P. Kothari and I.J. Nagrath, 3rd edition 2010, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 2. D.C. Kulshreshtha, "Basic Electrical Engineering", McGraw Hill, 2009.
- 3. L.S. Bobrow, Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering", Oxford University Press, 2011
- 4. Electrical and Electronics Technology, E. Hughes, 10th Edition, Pearson, 2010
- 5. Electrical Engineering Fundamentals, Vincent Deltoro, Second Edition, Prentice Hall India, 1989

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. C. K. Alexander and M. N. O. Sadiku, "Electric Circuits", McGraw Hill Education, 2004.
- 2. K. V. V. Murthy and M. S. Kamath, "Basic Circuit Analysis", Jaico Publishers, 1999.
- 3. Circuit Theory (Analysis and Synthesis) by A.Chakrabarti-DhanpatRai& Co.
- 4. P. S. Bimbhra, "Electrical Machinery", Khanna Publishers, 2011.

#### GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY **PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING**

## **Course Code: GR20A1007**

#### L/T/P/C: 2/0/0/2

#### I Year I Semester

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To interpret the various steps in program development.
- 2. To recall and recite the fundamentals, syntax and semantics of C programming language.
- 3. To illustrate problem solving using arrays, strings, structures and pointers.
- To demonstrate using of structured and modular programming approach in solving 4. problems.
- 5. To code, Interpret and debug the given program using files.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. To write algorithms and to draw flowcharts and remember and reuse the fundamentals of C language.
- 2. To apply decision making statements and arrays to solve problems.
- 3. To illustrate the need for strings and functions in problem solving.
- 4. To implement pointers and structures in writing programs.
- 5. To illustrate working with files and preprocessor directives in c.

#### UNIT I

#### **INTRODUCTION TO PROGRAMMING: INTRODUCTION TO ALGORITHMS:**

Representation of Algorithm, Flowchart, Pseudo code with examples, Compiling & executing program, Syntax and logical errors.

Introduction to C Programming Language: Structure of c program, Variables, Data types, Constants, Operators, Expressions and precedence, Expression evaluation, Type conversion.

I/O: Simple input and output with formatted I/O and unformatted I/O.

#### UNIT II

#### **DECISION MAKING AND ARRAYS: CONDITIONAL BRANCHING AND LOOPS:**

Conditional branching with if, if-else, nested if else, else if ladder, switch-case, Loops: for, while, do-while, Jumping statements: goto, break, continue.

Arrays: One and Two dimensional arrays, creating, Accessing and manipulating elements of arrays

Searching: Basic searching in an array of elements, Linear and Binary search.

#### UNIT III

STRINGS AND FUNCTIONS: Strings: Introduction to strings, Operations on characters, Basic string functions available in C (strlen, strcat, strcpy, strrev, strcmp), String operations without string handling functions, Arrays of strings.

Functions: Designing structured programs, declaring a function, Signature of a function, Parameters and return type of a function(categories of functions), call by value, call by reference, passing arrays to functions, recursion, merits and demerits of recursive functions, Storage classes.

#### **UNIT IV**

POINTERS AND STRUCTURES: Pointers: Idea of pointers, Defining pointers, Pointer to pointer, void pointer, Null pointer, Pointers to Arrays and Structures, Function pointer.

Structures and unions: Defining structures, Initializing Structures, Array of structures, Arrays within structures, Nested structures, Passing structures to functions, Unions, typedef.

#### UNIT V FILE HANDLING AND PREPROCESSOR IN C

**Files:** Text and Binary files, Creating and Reading and writing text and binary files, Random access to files, Error Handling in files, Command line arguments, Enumeration data type. **Preprocessor:** Commonly used Preprocessor commands like include, define, undef, if, ifdef, ifndef,elif.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Byron Gottfried, Schaum's Outline of Programming with C, McGraw-Hill
- 2. B.A. Forouzan and R.F. Gilberg C Programming and Data Structures, Cengage Learning, (3<sup>rd</sup> Edition)

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, The C Programming Language, PrenticeHall of India
- 2. R.G. Dromey, How to solve it by Computer, Pearson (16<sup>th</sup> Impression)
- 3. Programming in C, Stephen G. Kochan, Fourth Edition, Pearson Education.
- 4. Herbert Schildt, C: The Complete Reference, McGraw Hill, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition

#### GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY **BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING LAB**

# **Course Code: GR20A1017**

#### L/T/P/C: 0/0/2/1

I Year I Semester

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Introduce the use of measuring instruments.
- 2. Analyze a given network by applying various electrical laws
- 3. Measure and know the relation between basic electrical parameters.
- 4. Understand the response of electrical circuits for different excitations
- 5. Summarize the performance characteristics of electrical machines.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of this course, students will able to

- 1. Get an exposure to common electrical components and their ratings.
- 2. Get an exposure to basic electrical laws.
- 3. Understand the measurement and relation between the basic electrical parameters
- 4. Understand the response of different types of electrical circuits to different excitations.
- 5. Compare the basic characteristics of Electrical machines

#### LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

TASK-1: Verification of Ohms Law, KVL and KCL

**TASK-2:** Verification of Thevenin's and Norton's Theorems

TASK-3: Verification of Superposition and Reciprocity Theorems.

TASK-4: Transient Response of Series RL, RC and RLC circuits using DC excitation,

**TASK-5:** Resonance in series RLC circuit

TASK-6: Calculations and Verification of Impedance and Current of RL, RC and RLC series circuits

**TASK-7:** Load Test on Single Phase Transformer (Calculate Efficiency and Regulation)

TASK-8: Three Phase Transformer: Verification of Relationship between Voltages and Currents (Star-Delta, Delta-Delta, Delta-star, Star-Star)

TASK-9: Measurement of Active and Reactive Power in a balanced Three-phase circuit

TASK-10: Performance Characteristics of a Separately Excited DC Shunt Motor

TASK-11: Torque-Slip Characteristics of a Three-phase Induction Motor

TASK-12: No-Load Characteristics of a Three-phase Alternator

#### GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY LAB

#### Course Code: GR20A1014

L/T/P/C: 0/0/3/1.5

#### I Year I Semesters

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Introduce practical applications of chemistry concepts to solve engineering problems.
- 2. To determine the rate constant of reactions from concentrations as a function of time.
- 3. Measure the molecular or ionic properties such as conductance, redox potentials
- 4. Synthesize a drug molecule to learn how organic compounds are prepared in industry.
- 5. Know the laboratory practices implemented in a research and industrial chemistry laboratory setting.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Ability to perform experiments illustrating the principles of chemistry relevant to the study of science and engineering.
- 2. Determination of parameters like hardness and chloride content in water, measurement of redox potentials and conductance.
- 3. Understand the kinetics of a reactions from a change in concentrations of reactants or products as a function of time.
- 4. Synthesize a drug molecule as an example of organic synthesis methods widely used in industry.
- 5. Determination of physical properties like adsorption and viscosity.

#### List of Experiments: (any 12 experiments out of 14)

- 1. Determination total hardness of water by complexometric method using EDTA.
- 2. Determination of chloride content of water by Argentometry.
- 3. Redox titration: Estimation of ferrous iron using standard KMnO4
- 4. Estimation of HCl by Conduct ometric titrations
- 5. Estimation of Acetic acid by Conduct ometric itrations
- 6. Estimation of Ferrous iron by Potentiometry using dichromate
- 7. Determination of rate constant of acid catalyzed reaction of methylacetate
- 8. Determination of acid value of coconut oil.
- 9. Adsorption of acetic acid by charcoal
- 10. Determination of surface tension of liquid by using stalagmometer
- 11. Determination of viscosity of liquid by using Ostwald'sviscometer.
- 12. Determinationofpartitioncoefficientofaceticacidbetweenn-butanolandwater.
- 13. Synthesis of Aspirin
- 14. Synthesis of Paracetamol.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Vogel's text book of Practical organic chemistry, 5<sup>th</sup>Edition.
- 2. Senior Practical Physical Chemistry, B.D. Khosala, A. Gulati and V. Garg (R. Chand &Co.,Delhi)
- 3. Text book on experiments and Calculations in Engineering Chemistry-S.S.Dara.
- 4. An introduction to practical chemistry, K.K. Sharma and D.S. Sharma (Vikas Publications, NewDelhi)

#### GOKARAJURANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING LAB

#### Course Code: GR20A1016 I Year I Semester

L/T/P/C: 0/0/3/1.5

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To work with an IDE to create, edit, compile, run and debug programs
- 2. To analyze the various steps in program development.
- 3. To develop programs to solve basic problems by understanding basic concepts in C like operators, control statements etc.
- 4. To develop modular, reusable and readable C Programs using the concepts like functions, arrays etc.
- 5. To write programs to create, read from and write to text and binary files.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Formulate the algorithms for simple problems and translate algorithms to a working and correct program.
- 2. Identify, analyse and correct syntax and logical errors encountered during coding.
- 3. Interpret and implement programs using branching and looping statements.
- 4. Represent and manipulate data with arrays, strings and structures and use pointers.
- 5. Create, read and write to and from simple text and binary files and modularize the code with functions so that they can be reused

#### TASK 1

- a. Write a C program to implement operators in c?
- b. Write a C program to find greatest and smallest among three numbers using conditional operator.
- c. Write a C program to implicit and explicit type conversion in c?

#### TASK 2

- a. Write a C program to swap two numbers using the following .
  - i. Using third variable
  - ii. Without using third variable
  - iii. Using bitwise operators
- b. Write a C program to add two numbers without using arithmetic operators in c?

#### TASK 3

- a. Write a C program to find the roots of a quadratic equation using if-else.
- b. The program should request the user to input two numbers and display one of the following as per the desire of user. (a). Sum of numbers (b) difference of numbers (c) product of the numbers (d)division of the numbers. Write a C program using switch statement to accomplish the above task.

#### TASK 4

- a. Write a C Program check whether a given number is perfect number or not.
- b. Write a C Program check whether a given number is palindrome number or not.
- c. Write a C Program check whether a given number is Armstrong numberor not.

#### TASK 5

a. Write a C program to display the following patterns.

1

	i) 1			ii.
2 3			2	3
456		4	5	6

7 8 9 10 7 8 9 10

- b. Write a C program to generate the prime numbers between x and y where x and y are starting and ending values to be supplied by the user.
- c. Write a C program to calculate the following Sum:
  - a.  $Sum=1+x/1!-x^{2}!+x^{3}!-x^{4}!+....x^{n}!$

#### TASK 6

- 1) Write a C program to find sum, average and minimum and maximum in a list of numbers.
- 2) Write a C program to implement linear search.
- 3) Write a C program to implement binary search.

#### TASK 7

- a. Write a C program to implement matrix addition
- b. Write a C program to implement matrix multiplication.

#### TASK 8

- a. Write a C program to implement the following string handling functions. i.strlen() ii.strcpy() iii.strcmp() iv.strcat()
- b. Write a C program to read first name, middle name and last name of a student and display a string full name without using string handling functions.

#### TASK 9

- a. Write a C program to determine if a String is Palindrome or not.
- b. Write a C program to sort the names of n students in the alphabetical order.

#### TASK 10

- a. Write a C program to implement the following using recursive and non-recursive functions to find the factorial of a given integer.
- b. Write a C program to implement the following using recursive and non-recursive functions to find the GCD (greatest common divisor) of two given integers

#### TASK 11

- a. Write a C program to implement transpose of a matrix using functions.
- b. Write a C program to display binary equivalent of a given decimal number.

#### TASK 12

- a. Create a structure student with name, roll no, marks of 3 subjects as members . Write a c program to sort student details based on total using structures and functions .
- b. Write a C program that uses structures and functions to perform the following operations:
  - i. Addition of two complex numbers
  - ii. Subtraction of two complex numbers
  - iii. Multiplication of two complex numbers

#### TASK 13

- a. Write a C program using functions and pointers that compares two strings to see whether they are identical. The function returns 1 if they are identical, 0 otherwise.
- b. Write a C program to sort list of numbers using pointers.

#### TASK 14

a. Write a C program to implement following pre-processor directives.

- i. define ii. ifdef iii. undef iv. ifndef.
  - b. Write a C program to create a user defined header file to find sum, product and greatest of two numbers ?

#### TASK 15

- a. Write a C program to merge two files into a third file.
- b. Write a C program to find some of n numbers using command line arguments.

#### **TEXTBOOKS:**

- 1. Byron Gottfried, Schaum's Outline of Programming with C, McGraw-Hill
- 2. B.A. Forouzan and R.F. Gilberg C Programming and Data Structures, Cengage Learning, (3<sup>rd</sup> Edition)

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, The C Programming Language, PrenticeHall of India
- 2. R.G. Dromey, How to solve it by Computer, Pearson (16<sup>th</sup> Impression)
- 3. Programming in C, Stephen G. Kochan, Fourth Edition, Pearson Education.
- 4. HerbertSchildt, C: The Complete Reference, McGraw Hill, 4th Edition

#### GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY ENGINEERING WORKSHOP

#### Course Code: GR20A1019 I Year I Semester

#### L/T/P/C: 1/0/3/2.5

#### **Course objectives:**

- 1. To prepare and practice of scientific principles underlying the art of manufacturing in workshop/manufacturing practices.
- 2. To demonstrate basic knowledge of various tools and their use in different sections.
- 3. To make students to execute applications of various tools in carpentry.
- 4. To make students recognize applications of manufacturing methods casting, forming machining, joining and advanced manufacturing methods.
- 5. To develop generate safety rules, safe practices and workshop dress code.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course students will be able to

- 1. Develop various trades applicable to industries / Manufacturing practices.
- 2. Create Hands on experience for common trades.
- 3. Improve to fabricate components with their own hands.
- 4. Develop practical knowledge on the dimensional accuracies and dimensional tolerances possible with various manufacturing processes.
- 5. To build the requirement of quality of work life on safety and organizational needs.

#### TRADES FOR EXERCISES: At least two exercises from each trade:

- 1. Carpentry
- 2. Fitting Shop
- 3. Tin-Smithy
- 4. Casting
- 5. Welding Practice
- 6. House-wiring
- 7. Black Smithy
- 8. **VIDEO LECTURES:** Carpentry, Fitting operations, Tin-Smithy, Casting, Welding, Electrical and Electronics, Black Smithy, Plumbing, Power tools in construction and Wood Working, Manufacturing Methods,

#### **Text/ Reference Books:**

- 1. Workshop Practice /B. L. Juneja / Cengage
- 2. Workshop Manual / K. Venugopal /Anuradha.
- 3. Work shop Manual P. Kannaiah/ K. L. Narayana/SciTech
- 4. Workshop Manual / Venkat Reddy/BSP
- 5. Workshop Manual/K. Venugopal/Dr.V. Prabhu Raja/G.Sreekanjan

# GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY DESIGN THINKING

#### Course Code: GR20A1020 I Year I Semester

#### L/T/P/C: 2/0/0/1

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Study a problem from multiple perspectives
- 2. Learn how to frame the design challenge properly.
- 3. Learn how to ideate, prototype and Iterate solutions.
- 4. Learn from the overall design process how to create value as entrepreneurs
- 5. Learn how to design successful products or enterprises

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Students will be able to identify an Opportunity from a Problem
- 2. Students will be able to frame a Product/Service Idea
- 3. Students will be able to empathize with the customers
- 4. Students will be able to design and develop a Prototype
- 5. Students will be able to pitch their idea

#### UNIT I

#### INTRODUCTION TO DESIGN THINKING

LRI Assessment, Introduction to Design Thinking, Understanding the Mindsets-Empathy, Optimism, Embrace Ambiguity, Make it, Learn from Failure, Iterate, Create Confidence, Creativity Convergent & Divergent Thinking

#### UNIT II

#### **DESIGN THINKING METHODOLOGY**

The 5 Stages of the Design Thinking Process-Empathise, Define (the problem), Ideate, Prototype, and Test,

#### **UNIT III**

#### **IDEATION TOOLS & EXERCISES**

Sample Design Challenge, Introduction to the Design Challenge Themes, Story telling and Tools for Innovation

### UNIT IV

#### EMPATHIZE

Understand customers, Empathy Maps, Empathise-Step into customers shoes- Customer Journey Maps, Define- Analysis & Drawing Inferences from Research

#### UNIT V

#### THE DESIGN CHALLENGE

Define the Design Challenge, Prototyping & Iteration- Feasibility Study, Testing-Documentation and the Pitch

#### **TEXT BOOK :**

Design Thinking for Strategic Innovation: What They Can't Teach You at Business or Design School - IdrisMootee.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Zero to One: Note on Start-Ups, or How to Build the Future
- 2. The Lean Startup: How Constant Innovation Creates Radically Successful Businesses
- 3. Start With Why: How Great Leaders Inspire Everyone To Take Action

# I YEAR II SEMESTER

#### GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS AND VECTOR CALCULUS Course Code: GR20A1002 L/T/P/C: 3/1/0/4 I Year II Semester

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Knowledge to solve engineering problems governed by differential equations
- 2. The skill of evaluating multiple integrals needed for applications in mechanics and electromagnetic field theory
- 3. The knowledge to interpret the functions arising in vector field theory and utilize mathematical tools for some computations
- 4. The skill of evaluating work done by a field and flux across a surface
- 5. The skill of utilizing specialized theorems for fast evaluation of work and flux

Course Outcomes: After learning the contents of this paper the student must be able to

- 1. Classify the differential equations of first order and solve them analytically by suggested methods
- 2. Solve linear differential equations of higher order under various forcing functions
- 3. Evaluate double and triple integrals and apply them to some problems in geometry and mechanics
- 4. Apply vector differential operators on scalar and vector fields and apply them to solve some field related problems
- 5. Apply classical vector integral theorems for fast evaluation of work done around closed curves and flux across closed surfaces

#### UNIT I

#### ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS OF THE FIRST ORDER

LDE of the first order: Solution of Exact, Linear and Bernoulli equations, modelling Newton's law of cooling, growth and decay models, modelling of R-L circuit

#### UNIT II

#### ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS OF HIGHER ORDER

LDE with constant coefficients: Complementary function, over damping, under damping and critical damping of a system, Particular integrals for f(x) of the form  $e^{ax}$ ,  $x^n$ , cosax, sinax,  $e^{ax}V(x)$  and x V(x) where  $V(x) \equiv cosax$  and sinax, the method of variation of parameters

LDE with variable coefficients: Cauchy's homogeneous equation, Legendre's homogeneous equations

#### UNIT III

#### **MULTIPLE INTEGRALS**

Double integrals: Evaluation of Double Integrals, change of order of integration (only Cartesian form), change of variables (Cartesian and polar coordinates)

Triple Integrals: Evaluation of triple integrals, Change of variables (Cartesian to Spherical and Cylindrical polar coordinates)

Applications: Area using the double integral –Volume of a solid using the double and triple integral- Mass, Centre of mass and Centre of gravity using double and triple integrals

#### UNIT IV

#### VECTOR DIFFERENTIATION AND LINE INTEGRATION

Vector differentiation: Scalar and vector point functions, Concepts of gradient, divergence and curl of functions in cartesian framework, solenoidal field, irrotational field, scalar potential Vector line integration: Evaluation of the line integral, concept of work done by a force field,

Conservative fields

#### UNIT V SURFACE INTEGRATION AND VECTOR INTEGRAL THEOREMS

Surface integration: Evaluation of surface and volume integrals, flux across a surface Vector integral theorems: Green's, Gauss and Stokes theorems (without proof) and their applications

#### **TEXTBOOKS:**

1. R.K. Jain and S.R.K. Iyengar, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Narosa publishing house,

Fourth edition 2014

2. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36th Edition, 2010

3. Erwin kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006

4. G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9thEdition, Pearson, Reprint, 2002.

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. GRIET reference manual

2. Paras Ram, Engineering Mathematics, 2nd Edition, CBS Publishes

3. S. L. Ross, Differential Equations, 3rd Ed., Wiley India, 1984.

#### GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY APPLIED PHYSICS

#### Course Code: GR20A1003 I Year II Semester

#### L/T/P/C: 3/1/0/4

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Understand the dualistic nature of radiation and matter waves with experimental validation.
- 2. Outline the properties of semiconductor materials for specific applications.
- 3. Develop basic understanding of optoelectronic devices.
- 4. Discuss the use of lasers as light sources in optical fiber applications.
- 5. Study the properties of dielectric, magnetic and superconducting materials for various applications.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the completion of this course, students will be able to:

- 1. Solve engineering problems involving quantum nature of radiation and matter waves.
- 2. Comprehend the characteristics of semiconductor devices such as transistors and diodes.
- 3. Familiarize with operation of optoelectronic devices and its applications.
- 4. Analyze the properties of Laser and its propagation in different types of optical fibers.
- 5. Identify dielectric, magnetic and superconducting materials based on their properties for specific applications.

#### UNIT I

#### **QUANTUM MECHANICS**

Introduction, Black body radiation, Planck's law, Photoelectric effect- Einstein's Photoelectric equation, Compton effect (Qualitative), Wave-Particle duality, de Broglie hypothesis, Davisson and Germer experiment, Heisenberg's uncertainty principle, Born's interpretation of the wave function, Schrodinger's time independent wave equation, Particle in one dimensional infinite potential box.

#### UNIT II

#### SEMICONDUCTOR PHYSICS

Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, Estimation of carrier concentration, Dependence of Fermi level on carrier concentration and variation with temperature, Carrier transport: diffusion and drift, Hall Effect, p-n junction diode: I-V Characteristics, Zener diode: I-V Characteristics, Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT): Construction and principle of operation (n-p-n and p-n-p) in common base configuration.

#### UNIT III

#### **OPTOELECTRONICS**

Radiative transitions: Absorption, Spontaneous and Stimulated emission, Non-radiative transitions: Auger recombination, Surface recombination and recombination at defects, Generation and recombination mechanism in semiconductors, LED and Semiconductor lasers: Device structure, Materials, Characteristics, Semiconductor photo-detectors: PIN and Avalanche detectors and their structure, Materials, Working principle and Characteristics, Solar cell: Structure and Characteristics.

#### UNIT IV

#### LASERS

Introduction, Characteristics of lasers, Einstein coefficients, Resonating cavity, Active medium-Meta stable state, Pumping, Population inversion, Construction and working of Ruby laser and He-Ne laser, Applications of lasers.

**Fiber Optics:** Introduction, Principle and Structure of an optical fiber, Basic components in optical fiber communication system, Comparison of optical fibers over conventional cables, Acceptance angle-Numerical aperture, Types of optical fibers, Losses associated with optical fibers, Applications of optical fibers.

#### UNIT V

#### **DIELECTRIC MATERIALS**

Introduction, Types of polarizations (Electronic, Ionic and Orientational Polarizations) and calculation of Electronic and Ionic polarizability.

**Magnetic Materials:** Introduction, Bohr magneton, classification of dia, para and ferro magnetic materials on the basis of magnetic moment, Hysteresis curve based on domain theory, Soft and hard magnetic materials, Properties of anti-ferro and ferri magnetic materials.

**Superconducting materials:** Introduction to superconductors, General properties, Meissner effect, Type I and Type II superconductors, Applications of superconducting materials.

#### **Teaching methodologies:**

- White board and marker
- Power Point Presentations
- Video lectures

#### Text books:

1. Engineering Physics, B.K. Pandey, S. Chaturvedi - CengageLearing.

- 2. Halliday and Resnick, Physics Wiley.
- 3. Engineering Physics, P.K Palanisamy, Scitech Publishers.
- 4. A textbook of Engineering Physics, Dr. M. N. Avadhanulu, Dr. P.G. Kshirsagar S. Chand.
- 5. Applied Physics, T. Bhīma Sankaram, BSP Publishers.

#### **References:**

- 1. Richard Robinett, Quantum Mechanics
- 2. Fundamentals of Semiconductor Devices, Second Edition, Anderson and Anderson, McGraw Hill.

3. J. Singh, Semiconductor Optoelectronics: Physics and Technology, McGraw-Hill Inc.(1995)

- 4. Semiconductor Physics and Devices, 4e, Neamen and Biswas, McGraw Hill.
- 5. Online Course: "Optoelectronic Materials and Devices" by Monica Katiyar and Deepak Gupthaon NPTEL.

#### **GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY** ENGLISH

#### **Course Code: GR20A1006** I Year II Semester

#### L/T/P/C:2/0/0/2

#### **Course Objectives:**

The course will help to

- 1. Improve the language proficiency of students in English with an emphasis on Vocabulary, Grammar, Reading and Writing skills.
- 2. Equip students to study academic subjects more effectively and critically using the theoretical and practical components of English syllabus.
- 3. Develop study skills and communication skills in formal and informal situations.
- 4. Understand the importance of defining, classifying and practice the unique qualities of professional writing style.
- 5. Employ the acquired knowledge in classroom with reference to various social and professional spheres thus leading to a life-long learning process

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Students will be able to

- 1. Use English Language effectively in spoken and written forms.
- 2. Comprehend the given texts and respond appropriately.
- 3. Communicate confidently in various contexts and different cultures.
- 4. Acquire proficiency in English including reading and listening comprehension, writing and speaking skills.
- 5. Demonstrate the skills needed to participate in a conversation that builds knowledge collaboratively by listening carefully and respect others point of view

#### **UNIT I**

#### Where the Mind is without Fear poem by Rabindranath Tagore

Vocabulary Building: The Concept of Word Formation-- The Use of Prefixes and Suffixes. Grammar: Identifying Common Errors in Writing with Reference to Articles and Prepositions.

Reading: Reading and Its Importance- Techniques for Effective Reading

Basic Writing Skills: Sentence Structures -Use of Phrases and Clauses in Sentences-Importance of Proper Punctuation- Techniques for writing precisely – Paragraph writing –

Types, Structures and Features of a Paragraph - Creating Coherence-Organizing Principles of Paragraphs in Documents.

#### **UNIT II**

#### The Last Leaf by O. Henry

Vocabulary: Synonyms and Antonyms.

Grammar: Identifying Common Errors in Writing with Reference to Noun-pronoun Agreement and Subject-verb Agreement.

Reading: Sub-skills of Reading- Skimming and Scanning

Writing: Note Making, Précis Writing, Writing an Abstract, Nature and Style of Sensible Writing- Defining- Describing Objects, Places and Events - Classifying- Providing Examples or Evidence

#### **UNIT III**

#### 'Blue Jeans' from the prescribed textbook 'English for Engineers' published by **Cambridge University Press.**

Vocabulary: Acquaintance with Prefixes and Suffixes from Foreign Languages in English to form Derivatives-Words from Foreign Languages and their Use in English.

Grammar: Identifying Common Errors in Writing with Reference to Misplaced Modifiers-

Verbs and Tenses.

**Reading:** Improving Comprehension Skills – Techniques for Good Comprehension **Writing**: Format of a Formal Letter-Writing Formal Letters E.g. Letter of Complaint, Letter of Requisition, Use of phrases for formal and informal letter writing.

#### UNIT IV

# 'What Should You Be Eating' from the prescribed textbook 'English for Engineers' published by Cambridge University Press.

**Vocabulary**: Standard Abbreviations in English and Phrasal Verbs

Grammar: Redundancies and Clichés in Oral and Written Communication.

**Reading**: Comprehension- Intensive Reading and Extensive Reading

Writing: Writing Introduction and Conclusion -Essay Writing-Types of Essays- Picture Composition

#### UNIT V

**'How a Chinese Billionaire Built Her Fortune' from the prescribed textbook 'English for Engineers' published by Cambridge University Press. Vocabulary**: Technical Vocabulary and their usage

Vocabulary: One Word Substitutes, Technical vocabulary and their usage

**Grammar:** Common Errors in English

Reading: Reading Comprehension-Exercises for Practice

**Writing: Technical Reports-** Introduction – Characteristics of a Report – Categories of Reports Formats- Structure of Reports (Manuscript Format) -Types of Reports - Writing a Report.

#### **Text Books:**

1. Sudarshana, N.P. and Savitha, C. (2018). English for Engineers. Cambridge University Press.

#### **References:**

- 1. Swan, M. (2016). Practical English Usage. Oxford University Press.
- 2. Kumar, S and Lata, P. (2018). Communication Skills. Oxford University Press.
- 3. Wood, F.T. (2007). Remedial English Grammar. Macmillan.
- 4. Zinsser, William. (2001). On Writing Well. Harper Resource Book.
- 5. Hamp-Lyons, L. (2006). Study Writing. Cambridge University Press.
- 6. Exercises in Spoken English. Parts I –III. CIEFL, Hyderabad. Oxford University Press.

#### GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY DATA STRUCTURES

#### Course Code: GR20A1011 I Year II Semester

#### L/T/P/C: 2/1/0/3

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To impart the basic concepts of data structures, algorithms and various searching and sorting techniques.
- 2. To demonstrate operations of linear data structures like stacks and queues.
- 3. To develop algorithms to implement operations on linked lists.
- 4. To demonstrate operations of non-linear data structures trees and graphs.
- 5. To realize the merits and demerits and applications of various data structures.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

After completion of the course, the student will be able to

- 1. Analyze basic concepts of data structures, computation complexity and implement various searching and sorting techniques.
- 2. Apply various operations on linear data structures Stack and Queue and their applications.
- 3. Develop algorithms for operations on linked lists and convert them to programs.
- 4. Apply various operations on non-linear data structure tree.
- 5. Implement various graph traversals techniques and idea of hashing

#### UNIT I

**SORTING:** Bubble sort, Insertion Sort, Selection Sort, Quick Sort, Merge Sort (Algorithms and implementation)

Algorithms: Analysis of algorithms, Basic concept of order of complexity, Asymptotic Notations: Big Oh notation, Omega notation, Theta notation, Little oh notation and Little omega notation.

#### UNIT II

**STACKS:** Introduction to Data Structures: Basic Stack Operations-pop, push, display, delete. Representation of a Stack, Implementation of stack using Arrays, Stack Applications: Recursion, Infix to postfix Transformation, Evaluating Post-fix Expressions

**Queues:** Basic Queue Operations-enqueue, dequeue, Representation of a Queue using array, Implementation of Queue Operations using arrays, Applications of Queues, Circular Queue.

#### UNIT III

**LIST:** Introduction, Dynamic memory allocation, single linked list, Advantages and disadvantages of Single linked list, Single linked list VS Arrays, Representation of a linked list in memory, Operations-insertion, deletion, display, search, Implementation of stack, queue using linked list.Circular linked list, Double linked list.

#### UNIT IV

**TREES:** Basic tree concepts, Binary Trees: Properties, Representation of Binary Trees using arrays and linked lists, Operations on a Binary Search Tree, Binary Search Tree Traversals (recursive), Creation of binary tree from traversals.

#### UNIT V

**Graphs:** Definition, Basic Terminology, Representation of Graphs, Graph Traversal Techniques –Breadth First Traversal, Depth First Traversal. Introduction to Hashing (no implementation).

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Data Structures, 2/e, Richard F, Gilberg, Forouzan, Cengage

2. Data Structures and Algorithms, 2008, G. A. V. Pai, TMH

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Data Structure with C, Seymour Lipschutz, TMH

2. Classic Data Structures, 2/e, Debasis, Samanta, PHI, 2009

3. Fundamentals of Data Structure in C, 2/e, Horowitz, Sahni, Anderson Freed,

UniversityPrees

#### GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY APPLIED PHYSICS LAB

#### Course Code: GR20A1012

#### L/T/P/C: 0/0/3/1.5

#### I Year II Semester

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Outline the characteristics of various semiconducting devices.
- 2. Identify the behavioral aspects of magnetic and electric fields.
- 3. Demonstrate the quantum nature of radiation through photoelectric effect.
- 4. Apply the theoretical concepts of Lasers and optical fibers in practical applications.
- 5. Recall the basic concepts of LCR and RC circuits through hands on experience.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the completion of this course, students will be able to:

- 1. Compare the behavior of p-n junction diode, Solar cells and LED.
- 2. Analyze the behavior of magnetic and electric fields with the help of graphs.
- 3. Determine the work function of a material through photoelectric effect.
- 4. Asses the characteristics of Lasers and infer the losses in optical fibers.
- 5. Estimate the time constant of RC circuit and resonance phenomenon in LCR circuit.

#### LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Energy gap of P-N junction diode: To determine the energy gap of a semiconductor diode.
- 2. Solar Cell: To study the V-I Characteristics of solar cell.
- 3. Light emitting diode: Plot V-I and P-I characteristics of light emitting diode.
- 4. Stewart Gee's experiment: Determination of magnetic field along the axis of a current carrying coil.
- 5.Hall effect: To determine Hall co-efficient of a given semiconductor.
- 6. Photoelectric effect: To determine work function of a given material and Planck's constant.
- 7. LASER: To study the V-I and P-I characteristics of LASER sources.
- 8. Optical fiber: To determine the bending losses of Optical fibers.
- 9.LCR Circuit: To determine the resonant frequency and Quality factor of LCR Circuit in series and parallel.
- 10. R-C Circuit: To determine the time constant of R-C circuit during charging and discharging.

#### Note: Any 8 experiments are to be performed.

#### GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY ENGINEERING GRAPHICS

#### Course Code: GR20A1010 I Year II Semester

#### L/T/P/C: 1/0/4/3

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Provide basic conventions and standards used in Engineering Graphics.
- 2. Impart knowledge on various Engineering curves and their significance.
- 3. To draw orthographic, sectional and pictorial views of a given solid.
- 4. To develop skills in three dimensional visualization of engineering components.
- 5. To inculcate CAD packages on modelling and drafting.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Familiarize with BIS standards and conventions used in engineering graphics.
- 2. Draw various engineering curves e.g., ellipse, parabola, cycloids and involutes etc and construct various reduced scales e.g., plain, diagonal and Vernier scales.
- 3. Differentiate between first angle and third angle methods of projection and distinguish parallel and perspective projection.
- 4. Visualize different views like elevation and plan for a given line, plane figures or solid objects.
- 5. Apply drafting techniques and use 2D software e.g., AutoCAD to sketch 2D plane figures.

#### UNIT I

#### INTRODUCTION TO ENGINEERING GRAPHICS

Principles of Engineering Graphics and their Significance; **Conic Sections-** ellipse, parabola and hyperbola – General method only. **Cycloidal curves** –cycloid, epi-cycloid and hypocycloid; **Scales**– plain and diagonal.

#### UNIT II

#### **PROJECTIONS OF POINTS, LINES AND PLANES**

Introduction to principal planes of projections, **Projections of the points** located in same quadrant and different quadrants, **Projections of line** with its inclination to one reference plane and with two reference planes. True length and inclination with the reference planes. **Projections of regular planes** (polygons, circle and Square etc.,) with its inclination to one reference plane and with two reference planes, Concept of auxiliary plane method for projections of the plane.

#### UNIT III

**PROJECTIONS OF SOLIDS (REGULAR AND RIGHT SOLIDS ONLY)** - Classification of solids, Projections of solids (Cylinder, Cone, Pyramid and Prism) **Intersection of solids** – concept of lines of intersection and curves of intersection, intersection of solids (Prism Vs Prism and Cylinder Vs Cylinder) with their axes perpendicular to each other.

#### **UNIT IV**

#### SECTION OF SOLIDS

Sectional views of solids (Cylinder, Cone, Pyramid and Prism) and the true shape of the section, **Development of surfaces-** Development of surfaces of solids (Cylinder, Cone, Pyramid and Prism).

#### UNIT V

#### **ORTHOGRAPHIC PROJECTIONS**

Fundamental of projection along with classification, Projections from the pictorial view of the object on the principal planes for view from front, top and sides using first angle projection method and third angle projection method;

**Isometric Projections and Isometric View:** Principles of Isometric Projection – Isometric Scale – Isometric Views –Conventions – Isometric Views of Lines, Plane Figures, Simple and Compound Solids – Isometric Projection of objects having non- isometric lines. Isometric Projection of Spherical Parts, Conversion of Isometric Views to Orthographic Views and Viceversa –Conventions

**Introduction to CAD:** (For Internal Evaluation Weightage only): Introduction to CAD Software Package Commands.- Free Hand Sketches of 2D- Creation of 2D Sketches by CAD Package

#### **Text /Reference Books:**

- 1. Engineering Drawing by N.D.BHATT/CHAROTAR PUBLISHING HOUSE PVT LTD
- 2. Engineering Drawing by BasanthAgrawal/ C M Agrawal/ McGraw Hill Education
- 3. Engineering Drawing by K.VenuGopal/New Age Publications.
- 4. Engineering Graphics Essentials with AutoCAD 2018 Instruction by KirstiePlatenberg/SDC publications.
- 5. Computer Aided Engineering Drawing / K Balaveerareddy et al-CBS publishers
- 6. Engineering Graphics and Design by Kaushik Kumar / Apurbakumar Roy / Chikesh

#### GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY DATA STRUCTURES LAB

#### Course Code: GR20A1018 I Year II Semester

#### L/T/P/C: 0/0/2/1

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To work with sorting techniques.
- 2. To translate algorithms to programs.
- 3. To develop programs to implement basic data structures.
- 4. To develop modular, reusable and readable C Programs.
- 5. To implement tree and graph traversals.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. Formulate the algorithms for sorting problems and translate algorithms to a working and correct program.
- 2. Implement stack and queue data structures and their applications.
- 3. Interpret linked list concept to produce executable codes.
- 4. Develop working procedure on trees using structures, pointers and recursion.
- 5. Implements graph traversal techniques

#### TASK 1

- a. Implement Bubble sort using a C program.
- b. Implement Selection sort using a C program.
- c. Implement Insertion Sort using a C program.

#### TASK 2

- a. Implement Quick sort using a C program.
- b. Implement Merge sort using a C program.

#### TASK 3

- a. Implementation of Stack operations using arrays in C.
- b. Implementation of Queue operations using arrays in C.

#### TASK 4

- a. Write a c program to convert Infix to Postfix expression.
- b. Write a c program to evaluate a Postfix expression

#### TASK 5

a. Implement Circular Queue operations in C.

#### TASK6

a. Implement Single Linked List operations in C.

#### TASK 7

a. Implement Circular Linked List operations in C.

#### TASK 8

a. Implement Double Linked List operations in C.

#### TASK 9

a. Implement the following operations on BinarySearch Tree.

- i. Create
- ii. Insert
- iii. Search

#### TASK 10

a. Implement Preorder, Inorder and Postordertraversals of Binary Search Tree using recursion in C.

#### TASK 11

a. Implement Depth First Traversal on graphs inC.

#### TASK 12

a. Implement Breadth First Traversal on graphs in C.

#### **Teaching methodologies:**

- Power Point Presentations
- Tutorial Sheets
- Assignments

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Data Structures, 2/e, Richard F, Gilberg ,Forouzan, Cengage
- 2. Data Structures and Algorithms, 2008, G. A.V.Pai, TMH

#### **References:**

- 1. Data Structure with C, Seymour Lipschutz, TMH
- 2. Classic Data Structures, 2/e, Debasis, Samanta, PHI, 2009

3. Fundamentals of Data Structure in C, 2/e, Horowitz, Sahni, Anderson Freed, University Press

#### GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND COMMUNICATION SKILLS LAB L/T/P/C: 0/0/2/1 **Course Code: GR20A1015**

### I Year II Semester

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Facilitate computer-assisted multi-media instruction enabling individualized and independent language learning
- 2. Sensitize students to the nuances of English speech sounds, word accent, intonation rhythm and Neutralization of accent for intelligibility
- 3. Bring about a consistent accent and intelligibility in students' pronunciation of English by providing an opportunity for practice in speaking
- 4. Improve the fluency of students in spoken English and neutralize their mother tongue influence
- 5. Train students to use language appropriately for public speaking and interviews

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Students will be able to

- 1. Interpret the role and importance of various forms of communication skills.
- 2. Demonstrate the skills needed to participate in a conversation that builds knowledge collaboratively by listening carefully and respect others point of view.
- 3. Utilize various media of verbal and non-verbal communication with reference to various professional contexts.
- 4. Recognise the need to work in teams with appropriate ethical, social and professional responsibilities.
- 5. Evaluate and use a neutral and correct form of English.

#### English Language and Communication Skills Lab (ELCS) shall have two parts:

- a. Computer Assisted Language Learning (CALL) Lab
- b. Interactive Communication Skills (ICS) Lab

#### **Exercise I**

#### **CALL Lab:**

Understand: Introduction to Phonetics - Speech Sounds - Consonant and Vowel Sounds. Practice: Introduction to Phonetics- Speech Sounds - Vowels and Consonants.

#### ICS Lab:

Understand: Ice Breaking and JAM.

Practice: Ice-Breaking Activity and JAM Session. Introducing oneself and others

#### Exercise II

CALL Lab:

Understand: Structure of Syllables - Word Stress and Rhythm- Weak Forms and Strong Forms in Context.

Practice: Basic Rules of Word Accent - Stress Shift - Weak Forms and Strong Forms in Context

#### ICS Lab:

**Understand**: Features of Good Conversation – Non-verbal Communication.

Practice: Situational Dialogues - Role-Play- Expressions in Various Situations - Making Requests and Seeking Permissions- Telephone Etiquette

#### **Exercise III**

CALL Lab: -Errors in Pronunciation-the Influence of Mother Tongue (MTI). Understand: Intonation--Errors in Pronunciation-the Influence of Mother Tongue (MTI). **Practice**: Common Indian Variants in Pronunciation – Differences in British and American Pronunciation.

#### ICS Lab:

**Understand:** Debates- argumentative vs persuasive - Public Speaking – Exposure to Structured Talks.

**Practice**: Debates- Making a Short Speech – Extempore.

Exercise IV
CALL Lab:
Understand: Listening Skills and its importance-- Purpose- Process- Types- Barriers of Listening.
Practice: Listening Comprehension Tests.
ICS Lab:
Understand: How to make informal and Formal Presentations
Practice: Collages / Poster Presentations-Power point presentations
Exercise V

CALL Lab: Understand: Listening for General/Specific Details. Practice: Listening Comprehension Tests. ICS Lab: Understand: Story Telling – Narrating a story – Using appropriate language elements Practice: Weaving Stories

#### Minimum Requirement of infrastructural facilities for ELCS Lab:

1. Computer Assisted Language Learning (CALL) Lab

2. Interactive Communication Skills (ICS) Lab

#### GOKARAJU RANGARAJU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY LIFE SKILLS AND PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT (LSPD) Course Code: GR20A1021 L/T/P/C: 2/0/0/1 I Year II Semester

#### **Course Objectives:**

Students undergoing the course are expected to

- 1. Understand the concepts such as "Time Management", "Managing Information Overload" and "How to cope with Peer pressure".
- 2. Become familiar with concepts like how to master "English Language Skills" and "Communication skills".
- 3. Be thorough with the "science behind personal health management and addictions" and stress management.
- 4. Appreciate the importance of cultivating good hobbies, need for forming good habits and discarding bad habits and how to hold difficult conversations in crisis situations.
- 5. Understand the importance of creative thinking, continuous and lifelong learning and cross culture sensitization. They will know what is meant by collaboration and team working.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, student should be able to

- 1. Apply the concept of Time Management to his own day to day life. They will also learn to cope with Information Overload, which has become a serious problem for the digital generation. They will be in a position to withstand harmful peer pressure, and steer themselves towards attaining their own objectives in the four years time they spend in the college.
- 2. Apart from understanding the importance of English language skills in a globalized world, they will learn the methodologies as to how they can master English Language skills. They will become familiar with the communication skills and etiquette, body language, non-verbal communication and they will start applying these concepts in their day to day life. This will help them to become thorough professionals in their career.
- 3. Large number of students are ignorant about the need for personal health management and the need to stay away from addictions. After this course, they will get a complete understanding of the biological basis behind these concepts. This will help them to maintain a robust health trough out their life and it will also keep them away from addictions like drug addiction, alcohol addiction & video games addiction. They will learn the techniques of stress management as well.
- 4. They would start cultivating some good hobbies which will help them to maintain ideal work-life balance throughout their life. The students would start discarding bad habits & will start picking up good habits. Further, they will learn the techniques of holding difficult conversations and negotiations, which is an important skill set in the 21st century world.
- 5. They will develop the aptitude for finding creative solutions to problems and they will come to realize the importance of continuous and lifelong learning in a fast changing technological landscape. They will appreciate why collaboration and team working skills are important for success in a modern world.

#### UNIT I

**Introduction to life skills:** Why life skills are important for students. Highly competitive job market; companies test not only Engineering knowledge but also life skills; Fast paced changes in technologies; proliferation of electronic gadgets and harmful online content; Even to perform well in B.Tech, students need basic life skills.

**Time management:** What is meant by time management; Impulsive behaviorVs goal directive behavior; The concept of time log; What are the usual time wasters for students; How to

minimize time wasters.

**Information overload and how to cope with it:** ICT revolution; proliferation of electronic media; Exponential growth in online content; Impact of information overload on human brain; How information overload interferes with student learning.

#### UNIT II

**How to master English Language Skills:**Importance of English in a globalized world; For any engineer, the whole world is his job market; Companies conduct exams, interviews & group discussions in English; Interdependence of communication skills & language skills; Entrance exams to foreign universities test English language skills; What are the various language skills; Practical strategies to improve one's English language skills.

**Communication Skills:** What is communication; Various types of communication's; Why communication skills are important in the modern world; Importance given to communication by companies during recruitment; Barriers to effective communication; Practical strategies to improve one's communication skills.

**Body language, Etiquette and Non-Verbal communication:** What is etiquette, grooming, attire & body language? Why these are important in the modern world; What kind of etiquette is expected by companies; How success in career & life is interlinked to etiquette, grooming, attire & body language; practical steps to improve one's etiquette, grooming, attire & body language.

#### UNIT III

**Science behind personal health management:** Widespread ignorance in society on health issues; WHO definition of Health; Human evolution; Hunting & Gathering lifestyle; Importance of physical work for human body & mind; Dangers of sedentary lifestyle; Germ diseases Vs Lifestyle diseases; How to integrate physical exercise into daily life.

Science behind Addictions: What is an addiction? Neurology and hormonal basics of addictive behavior; How addictions are formed; Harmful effects of addictions on physical health & mental health; How to recognize the addictions in oneself; How to come out of addictions.

**Stress management:** What is stress; Various stressors faced by a student; Fight & Flight response of humans; Harmful effects of chronic stress; Symptoms of poor coping skills of stress; Stress & Psychiatric problems; Easy coping strategies for stress.

#### UNIT IV

**Need for cultivating good hobbies:** Why hobbies are important for maintaining work-life balance; how hobbies help in maintaining good physical and mental health, what are various hobbies.

What is habit? Why it is so important. How to cultivate good habits & discard bad habits: Why habits are critical for successful life; How habits forms; How to analyze one's own habits; How to recognize useless & harmful habits; How to cultivate &Sustain useful habits; Difference between hobby & habit.

**Peer pressure and how to cope with it:** Human being is a social animal; Physical pain & social pain; How to be aware of harmful social pressure; Role of prefrontal cortex in judgment and decision making; why teenagers are vulnerable to peer pressure; strategies to overcome harmful peer pressure.

#### UNIT V

**Continuous & lifelong learning:** Accelerated change in technology landscape; shorter & shorter life cycles of technologies; Need for continuous learning ; Engineering knowledge alone is not enough to solve the real-life problems.

**Cross culture sensitization:** What is culture; why there are different cultures; How to understand culture; Today all workplaces are multi-cultural; How stereotypes develop in the

mind about other cultures; Dangers of stereotypes & culture hatred prevailing society; How to overcome the culture prejudices.

**Collaboration & team working skills.** Why collaboration is important to succeed in one's own career, Today's workplace is all about teams, what is team working, what are various team working skills, how to be a good team member.

#### **Textbooks:**

- 1. The story of the human body by Daniel E Lieberman, Published by Pantheon Books, 2013
- 2. Spark by Dr. John J Ratey, *Publisher* Little Brown *Spark* 01-01-2013.
- 3. Creative thinking by Edward De Bono, Publisher: Penguin UK (25 October 2016).

#### **Reference:**

- 1. The power of positive confrontation by Barbara Pachter; Publisher: Da Capo Lifelong Books (November 28, 1999) ...
- 2. Habit by Charles Duhigg, Publisher: Random House Trade Paperbacks, 2012
- 3. Communication skills for engineers and scientists by Sangeetha Sharma and Binod Mishra, PHI Learning, 2009.
- 4. Time management by Brian Tracy, Publisher: AMACOM, 2014